## FINITE CONVEX GEOMETRIES OF POINT CONFIGURATIONS

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A closure system  $\mathbf{A} = (A, -)$ , i.e. a set A with a closure operator  $-: 2^A \to 2^A$  defined on A, is called a *convex geometry*, if it satisfies the anti-exchange axiom, i.e.,

$$x \in \overline{X \cup \{y\}}$$
 and  $x \notin X$  imply that  $y \notin \overline{X \cup \{x\}}$   
for all  $x \neq y$  in A and all closed  $X \subseteq A$ .

For convex geometries  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$ , one says that  $\mathbf{A}$  is a sub-geometry of  $\mathbf{B}$ , if the lattice of closed subsets of  $\mathbf{A}$  is a sublattice of the lattice of closed sets of  $\mathbf{B}$ .

Given a set of points A in Euclidean *n*-dimensional space  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , one defines a closure operator  $-: 2^A \to 2^A$  on A as follows: for any  $Y \subseteq A$ ,  $\overline{Y} = ch(Y) \cap A$ , where *ch* stands for *the convex hull*. One easily verifies that such an operator satisfies the anti-exchange axiom. Thus, (A, -) is a convex geometry, which we will call *a geometry of relatively convex sets* (assuming that these are convex sets "relative" to A).

It remains to be an open problem whether every finite convex geometry is a subgeometry of finite geometry of relatively convex sets (K.Adaricheva, V.Gorbunov and V.Tumanov, "Join-semidistributive lattices and convex geometries", Adv. Math. 173(2003), 1-49.)

We give a survey of results associated with this problem. We then provide a more detailed account of the most recent paper (http://arxiv.org/abs/1101.1539)

It follows one of the approaches to the solution that studies sub-geometries of geometries of finite points configurations in n-dimensional space, for some fixed n.

We prove that such sub-geometries satisfy the *n*-Carousel Rule, which is the strengthening of the *n*-Carathéodory property. We also find another property, that is similar to the simplex partition property and does not follow from 2-Carusel Rule. We show that it holds in sub-geometries of geometries of points configurations on a plane.

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