1. What is the IUPAC name of the molecule shown below? (6 points, 7 minutes)

- 2a. How many chiral centers are present in the molecule shown below? 2 (5 points, 20 minutes)
- 2b. Label each chiral center as R or S.
- 2c. Is the overall molecule chiral? yes



3. Draw the least stable chair conformation of the molecule shown below. (Spoints, prince)

4 How could mass spectrometry be used to distinguish between the following two compounds both of which have a molecular weight of 102 grams/mole. (6 points, 6 minutes)

Show the **major** product or products of each of the following reactions. Do not show **minor** products. Be sure to show proper stereochemistry. (5 points each, 6 minutes each)

Ch/6 a.
$$\frac{1. \text{ Hg}(\text{OAc})_2, \text{ H}_2\text{O}}{2. \text{ NaBH}_4}$$

Give the reagent or reagents necessary to accomplish each of the following transformations. Number each step so it is clear when reagents must be added together or separately. Do not show intermediates. (5 points each, 6 minutes each)

OMIT

$$CLIO$$
 DH
 OH
 OH

7. K Give the reagent or reagents necessary to accomplish each of the following synthetic transformations. Any needed carbon based reagents are allowed. Show all intermediates. (6 points each, 7 minutes each)

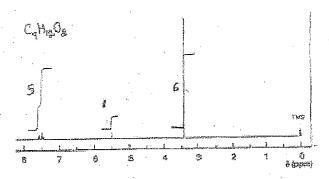
Ch10/16

6

Onit Ch.16

Determine the structure of the compound whose ¹H NMR spectrum is shown below. You must show your work in order to receive credit for your answer. (8 points, 10 minutes)

U.13



Determine the structure of the compound whose ¹H NMR spectrum is shown below. You must show your work in order to receive credit for your answer. (8 points, 10 minutes)

0,13

